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Study of the relationship between composition-microstructure-functional properties and applications in systems based on ferroelectric perovskites

Results and perspective

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MAIN RESEARCH TOPICS

Ferroelectrics

Relaxors

Composite

BaTiO_3

Porous

CNT

PZT

BT

- BaTiO_3 – based solid solution ceramics (ferroelectric – relaxor crossover, tunability, grain boundary, O_2 vacancy effect, FORC method)

- Porous Nb-PZT, BaTiO_3 - solid solution ceramics (porosity effect on electrical properties)

- Ferroelectric – CNTs composites by SPS

- Ferroelectric ($\text{Pb}(\text{Zr},\text{Ti})\text{O}_3$, BaTiO_3) – based magnetoelectric composites
- other composite systems

Outlook

I. Introduction

- Ferroelectrics, Composite materials
 - Applications
-

II. Main results on

- **Ferroelectrics**
 - **Ferroelectric-based composites**
 - **Magentoelectric composites**
-

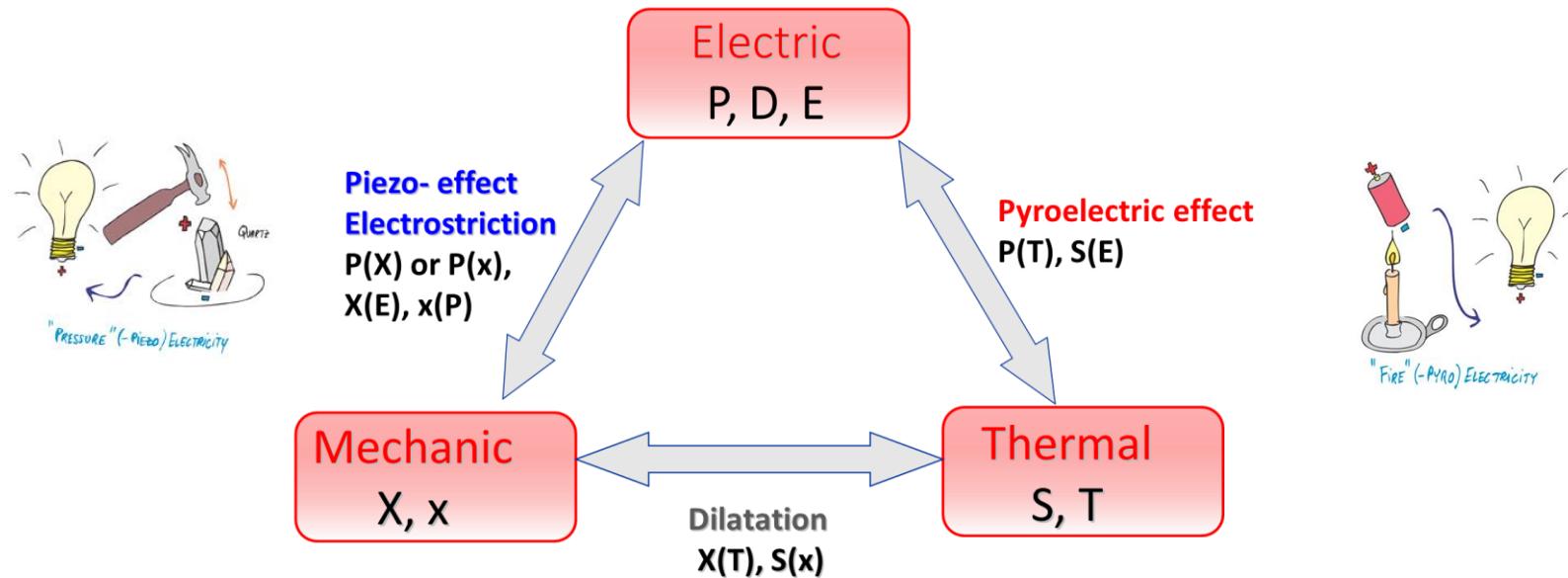
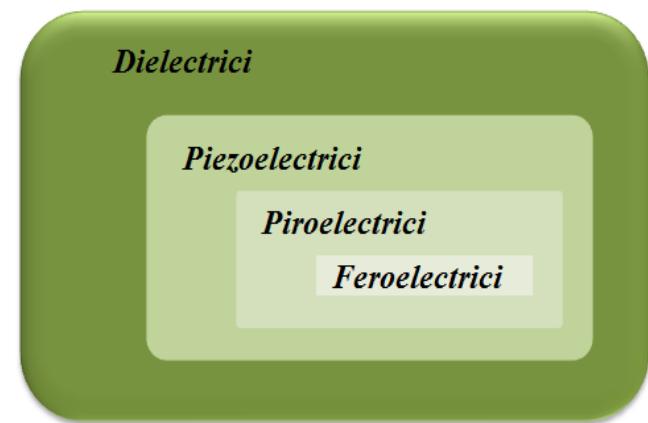
III. Conclusions

- **Perspectives**
-

I. Generalities about ferroelectrics

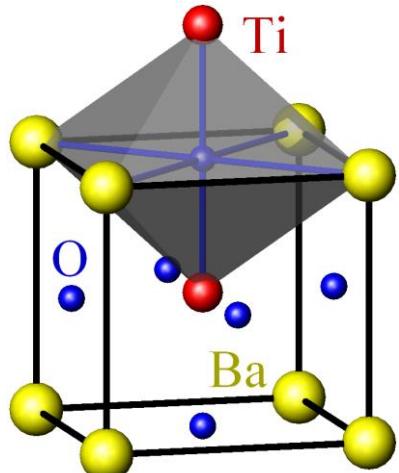
History:

- *Piroelectricity*: 1824 - David Brewster
- *Piezoelectricity*: 1880 - Pierre and Jacque Curie
- *Feroelectricity*: 1920 – Joseph Valasek

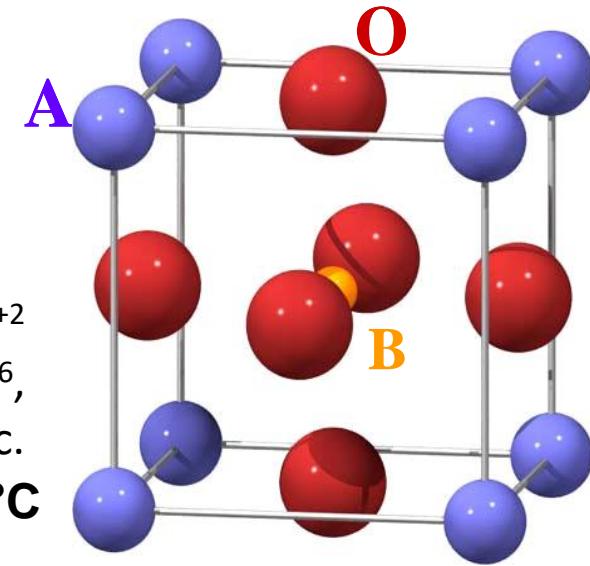


Ferroelectric = multifunctional material

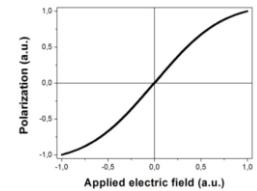
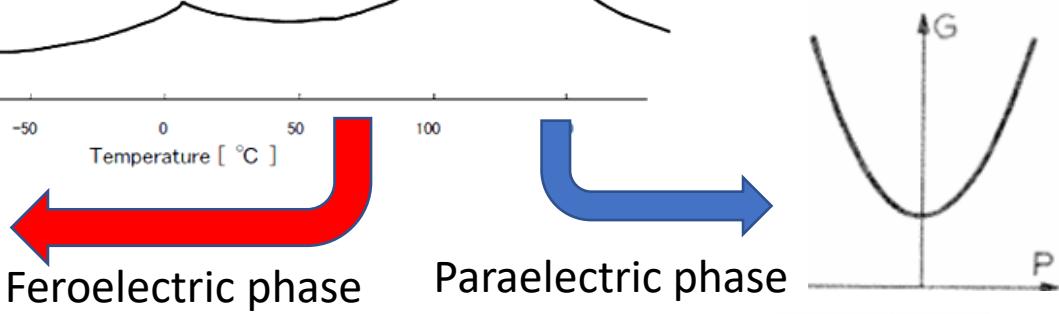
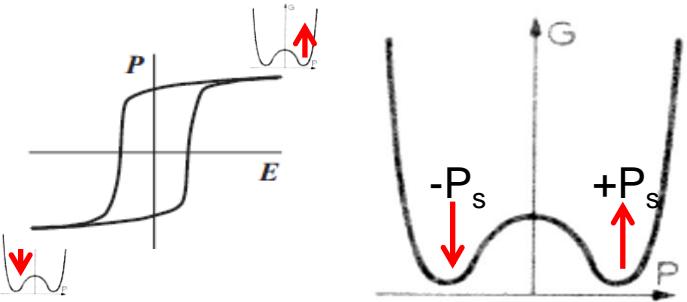
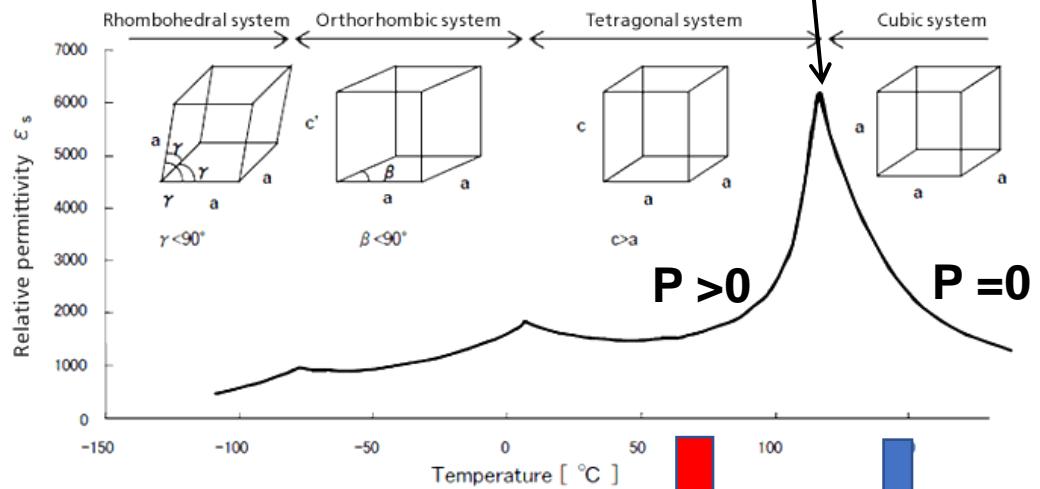
I. Perovskite structure ABO_3



$\text{A} = \text{Na}^+, \text{K}^+, \text{Ca}^{+2}, \text{Ba}^{+2}, \text{Pb}^{+2}$
 $\text{B} = \text{Ti}^{+4}, \text{Zr}^{+4}, \text{Sn}^{+4}, \text{Hf}^{+4}, \text{Nb}^{+5}, \text{Ta}^{+5}, \text{W}^{+6}$,
etc.



$$T_c = 120^\circ\text{C}$$



I. Composite materials

A **composite material** is a macroscopic combination of two or more distinct materials that remain separate and distinct while forming a single component.

Depending on their origin:

- Natural (biomaterials) composites;



- Artificial (**"engineered materials"**) composites.

Design to improve mechanical, thermal, optical, electrical, magnetic etc. in order to extend the applicability area.

MATRIX

+

Filler

=

COMPOSITES

- Ceramic-matrix composites
- Metal-matrix composites
- Organic-matrix composites

- Particulate-reinforced composites
- Fiber-reinforced composites
- Structural composites

I. Composite materials

Idea: (1972) 2 phases individually *not* showing a property can achieve it, if appropriately combined or coupled in a composite.

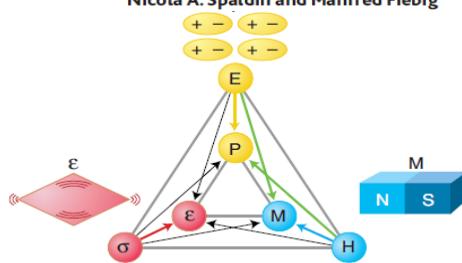
J. Van Suchetelene, Philips Res. Rep. 27, 28 (1972)

Magnetoelectric (ME) composites coupling via magnetostRICTIVE-piezoelectric effect:

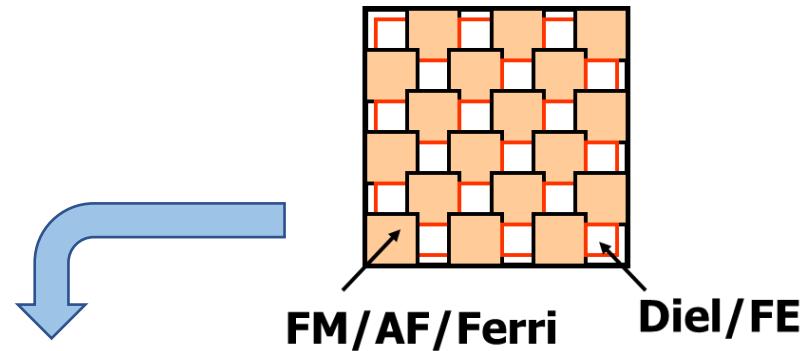
MATERIALS SCIENCE

The Renaissance of Magnetoelectric Multiferroics

Nicola A. Spaldin and Manfred Fiebig



Phase control in ferroics and multiferroics. The electric field E , magnetic field H , and stress σ control the electric polarization P , magnetization M , and strain ϵ , respectively. In a ferroic material, P , M , or ϵ are spontaneously formed to produce ferromagnetism, ferroelectricity, or ferroelasticity, respectively. In a multiferroic, the coexistence of at least two ferroic forms of ordering leads to additional interactions. In a magnetoelectric multiferroic, a magnetic field may control P or an electric field may control M (green arrows).

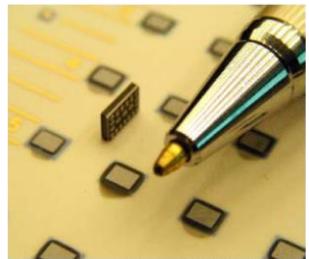


$$ME = \frac{\text{magnetic}}{\text{mechanical}} \times \frac{\text{mechanical}}{\text{electric}}$$
$$EM = \frac{\text{electric}}{\text{mechanical}} \times \frac{\text{mechanical}}{\text{magnetic}}$$

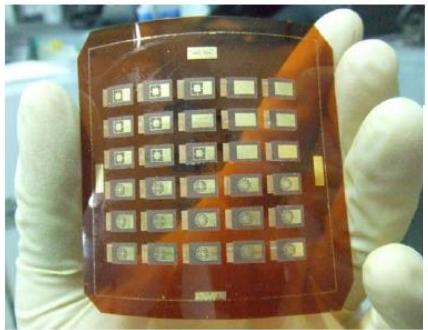
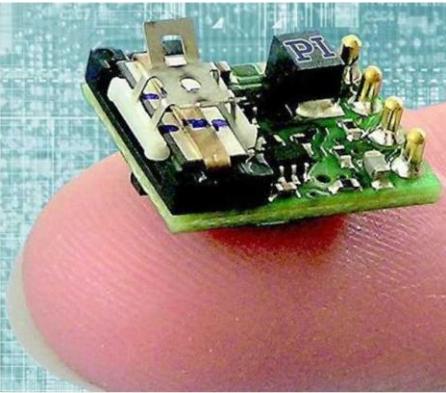
$$\rightarrow P(H)$$

$$\rightarrow M(E)$$

➤ Applications



Fully Encapsulated Multi-Chip Module



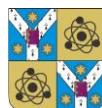
➤ Sensors and Pressure switching



➤ Microwave antennas

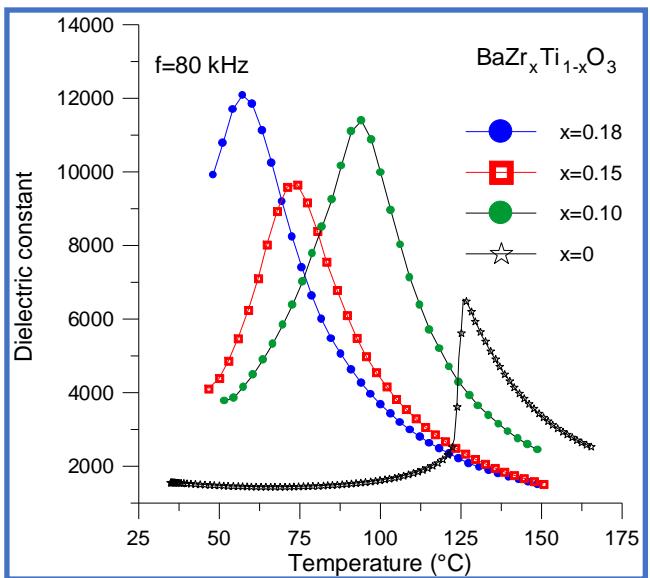
Fig. 3 The photos of the flexible PZT Pyroelectric sensors.

II. MAIN RESULTS

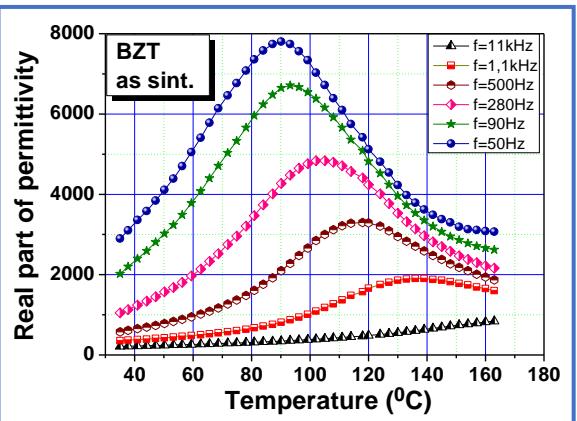


Ferroelectrics

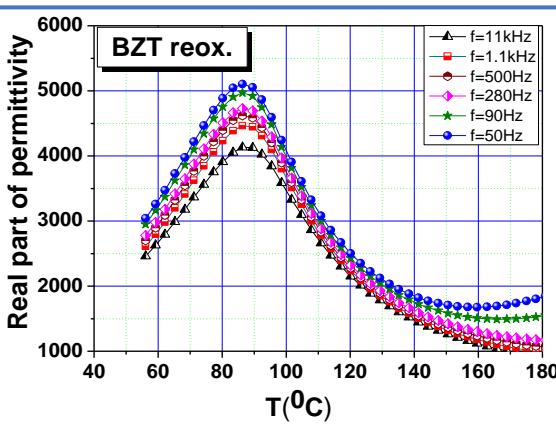
- Contribution to the study of $\text{BaZr}_x\text{Ti}_{1-x}\text{O}_3$ (BZT) ferroelectric-relaxor ceramics



- GS down to 0.75 μm



➤ Giant relaxation related to the O-deficiency

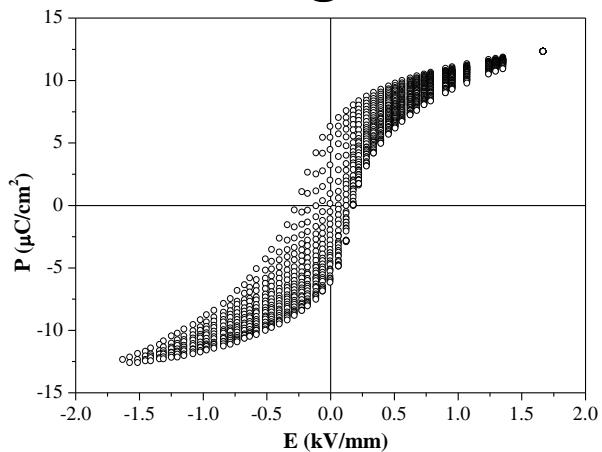


- C.E. Ciomaga et al., Phase Trans. 79, 389 (2006); C. E. Ciomaga et al., J. Opt. Adv. Mat. 8, 944 (2006); C. E. Ciomaga et al., J. Eur Ceram. Soc 27, 4061 (2007); L. Mitoseriu, C. Ciomaga et al., J. Optoelect. & Adv. Mater. 10, 1843 (2008); C.E. Ciomaga et al., J. Optoelect. & Adv. Mater. 10, 2367 (2008); D. Ricinschi, C.E. Ciomaga et al., J. Eur. Ceram. Society 30, 237 (2010)
- C.E. Ciomaga et al. J. Appl. Phys. 110, 114110 (2011); M. Deluca et al. J. Appl. Phys. 111, 084102 (2012); M. Deluca et al., J. Eur. Ceram. Society (2012)

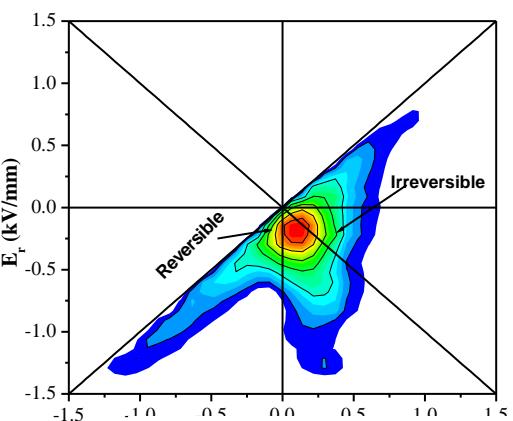
II. MAIN RESULTS

➤ Ferroelectrics Relaxors

- Ferroelectric-relaxor crossover induced by the B-site substitution in $\text{BaM}_{1-x}\text{Ti}_x\text{O}_3$ ($M=\text{Zr, Sn, Ce}$) ceramics
- Study of ferroelectric-relaxor crossover in $\text{BaZr}_x\text{Ti}_{1-x}\text{O}_3$ (BZT) when increasing x by first order reversal curves (FORC) method and modeling.

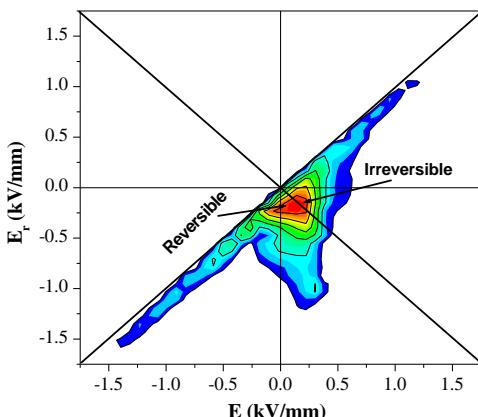
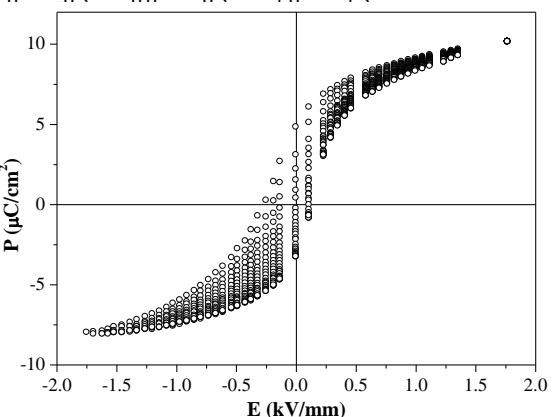


$\text{BaZr}_{0.15}\text{Ti}_{0.85}\text{O}_3$



$\text{BaZr}_{0.1}\text{Ti}_{0.9}\text{O}_3$

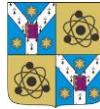
➤ FORCs indicate the ferroelectric - relaxor crossover when increasing x (progressive reducing of the irrev. component).



- Mitoseriu, L; Ciomaga, CE; et.al., J. Eur. Ceram. Soc. 27 (13-15), (2007) 3723-3726
- Ianculescu A., Mitoseriu L., Bereger D., Ciomaga CE. Et al, Phase Trans 79, 375-388 (2006)

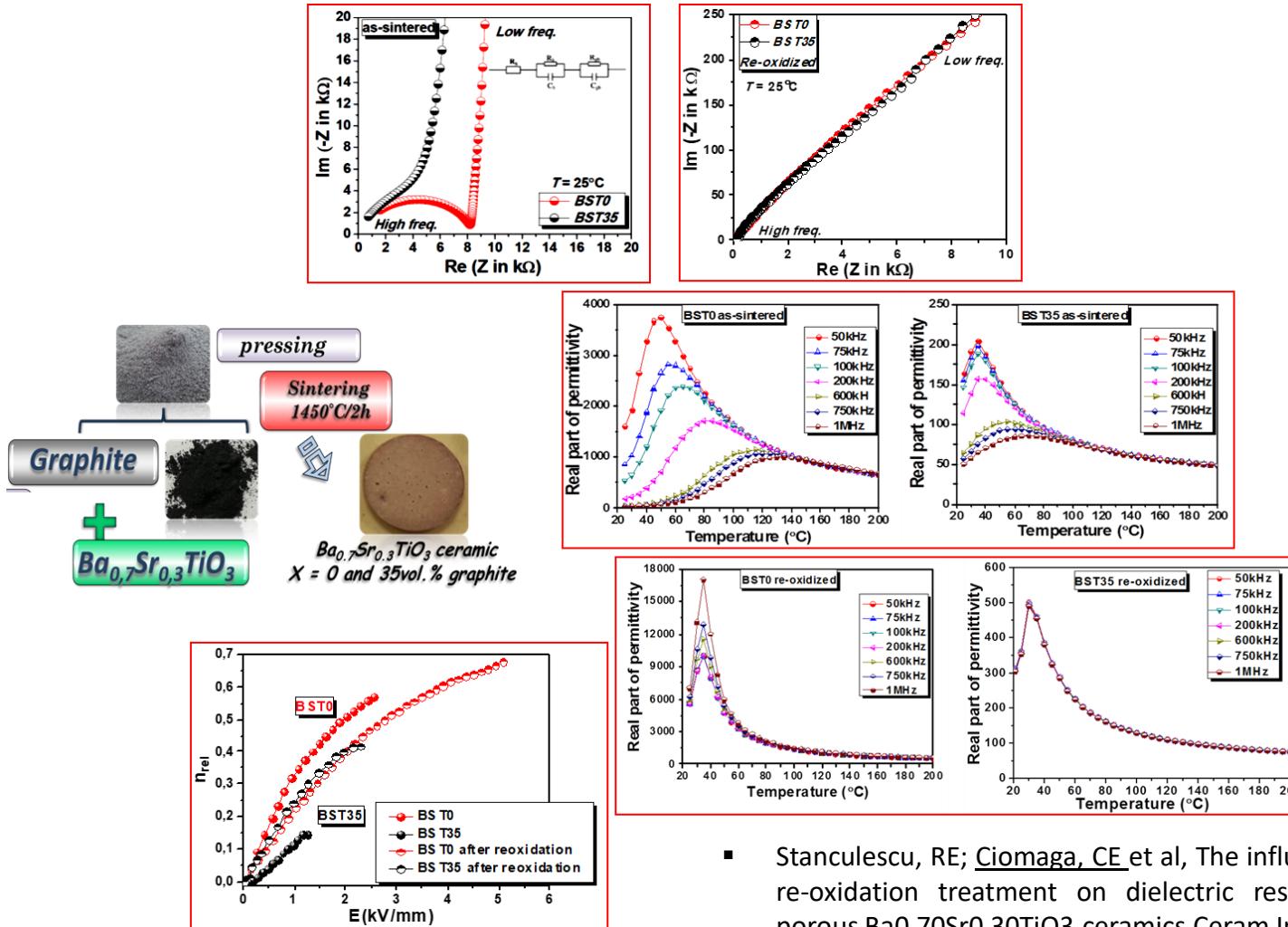


II. MAIN RESULTS



► Ferroelectrics

- The influence of post-sintering re-oxidation treatment on dielectric response of dense and porous $\text{Ba}_{0.70}\text{Sr}_{0.30}\text{TiO}_3$ ceramics



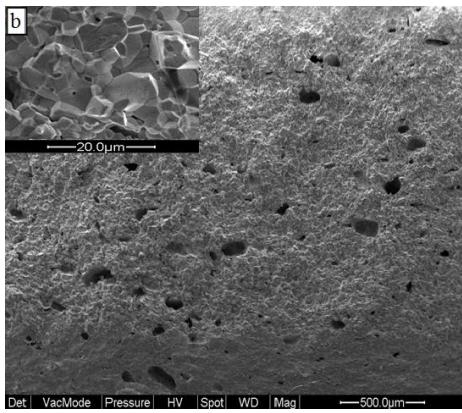
II. MAIN RESULTS

- collaboration with Lect dr. L. Padurariu, DFM group,
Faculty of Physics, UAIC

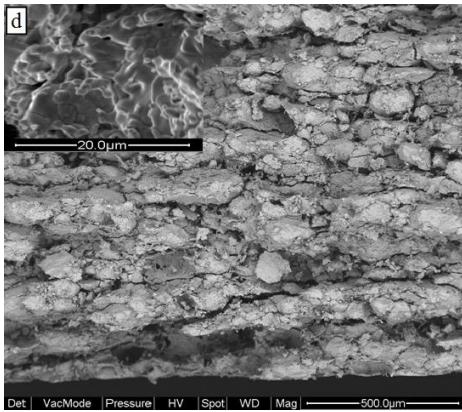


➤ Porous ferroelectric composites

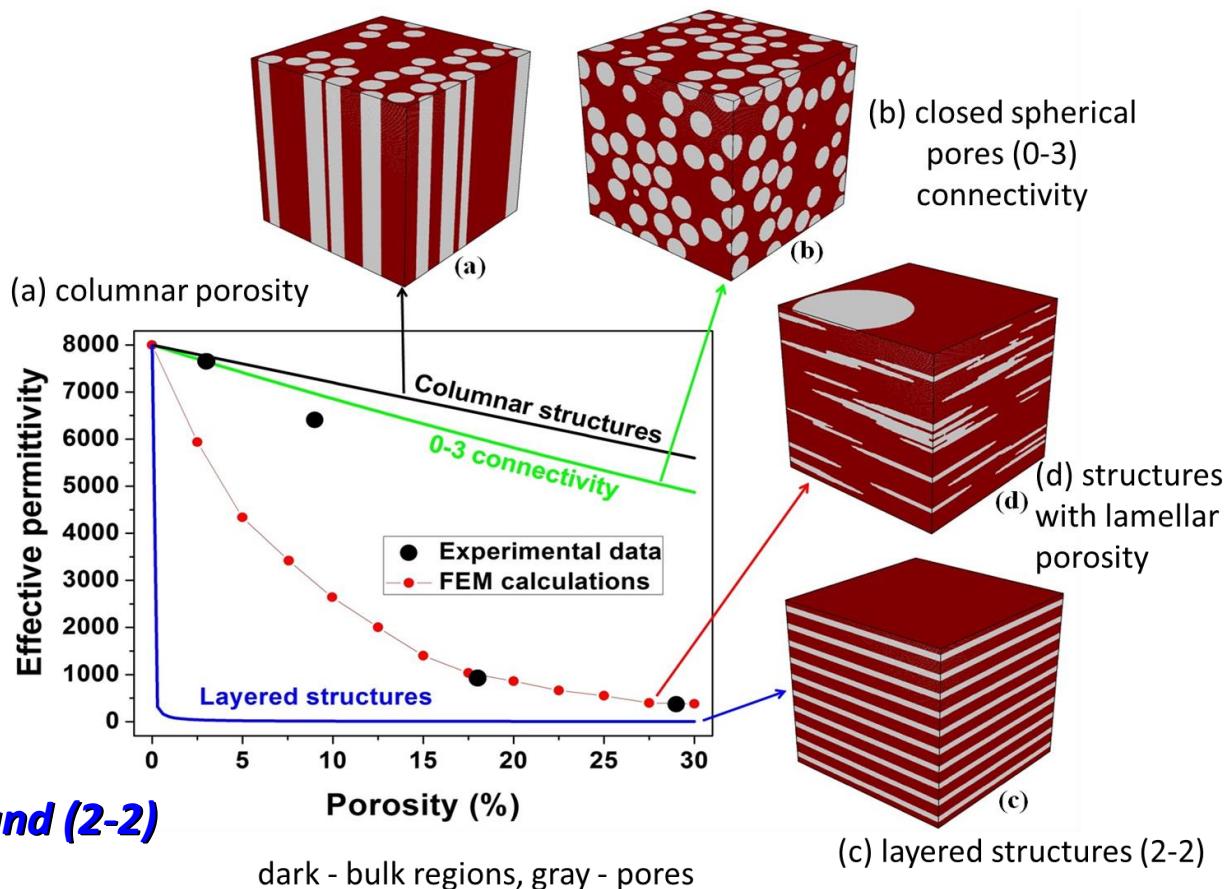
- Study of the role of porosity on the functional properties of $\text{Ba}_{1-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{TiO}_3$ ceramics produced by using graphite forming agent



(0-3)



(0-3) and (2-2)



- R. Stanculescu, C. Ciomaga, L. Padurariu et al. Study of the role of porosity on the functional properties of $(\text{Ba}, \text{Sr})\text{TiO}_3$ ceramics, J. Alloys & Compds. 643, 79 (2015)

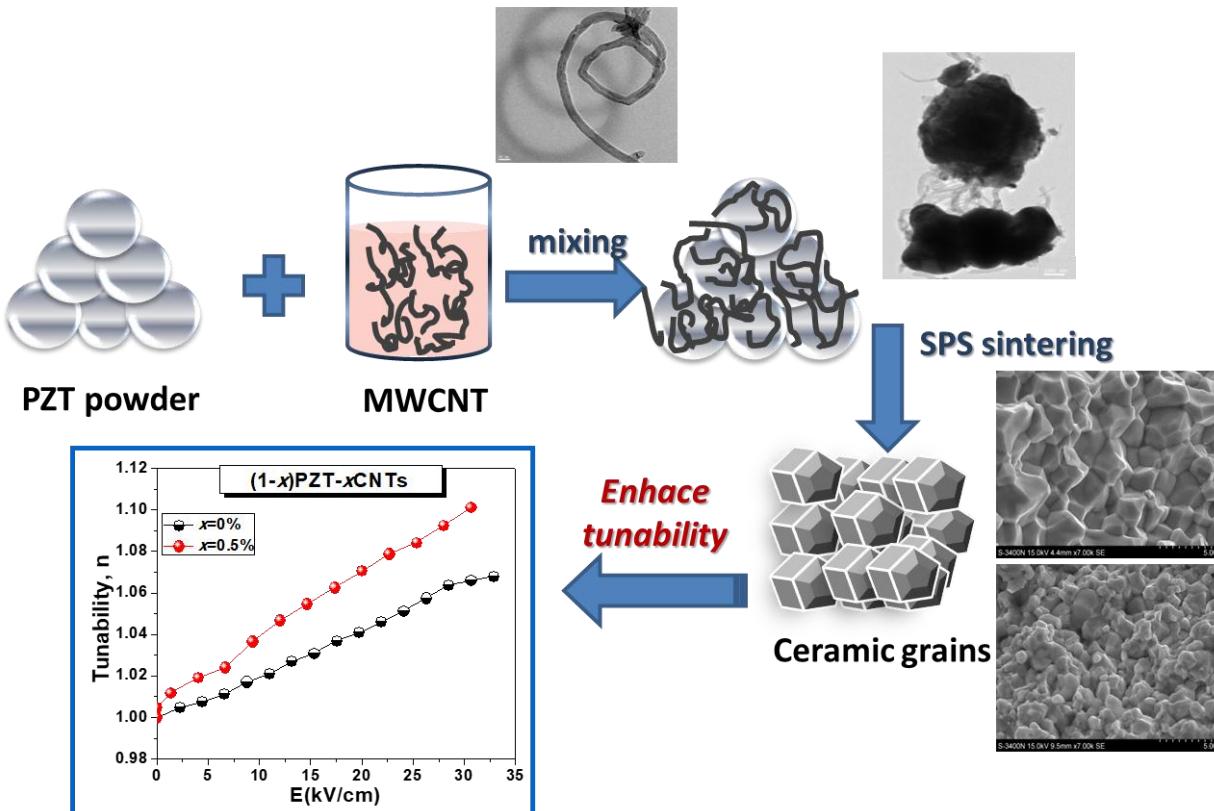
II. MAIN RESULTS

- collaboration with Lect dr. L. Curecheriu, DFM group,
Faculty of Physics, UAIC



➤ Ferroelectric – based composites

- Synthesis and functional properties of $\text{Pb}(\text{Zr},\text{Ti})\text{O}_3$ -CNTs composite, sintered by Spark Plasma Sintering



➤ by using the MWCNTs in ferroelectric ceramics ⇒ reduce of permittivity with about 14% combined with low losses and higher tunability ⇒ new structures for tunability properties.

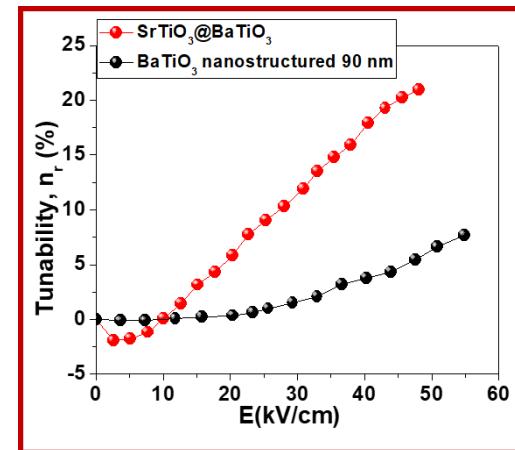
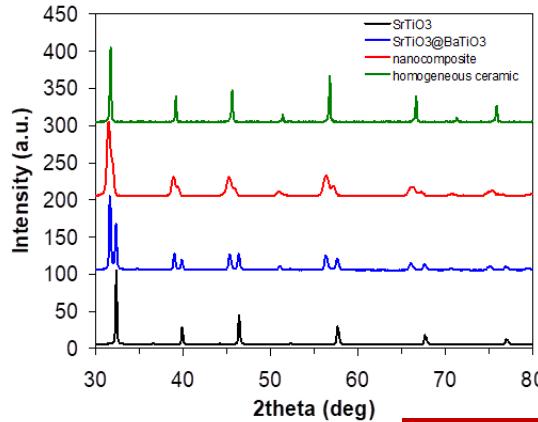
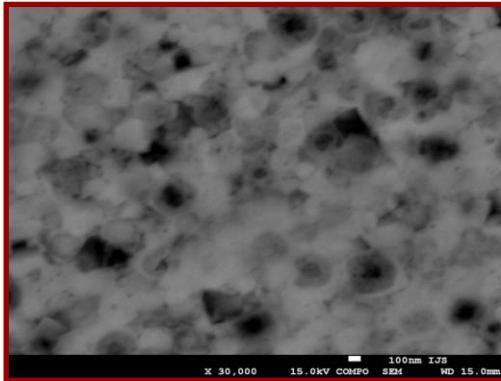
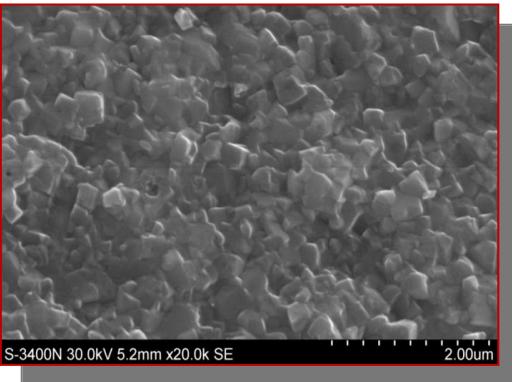
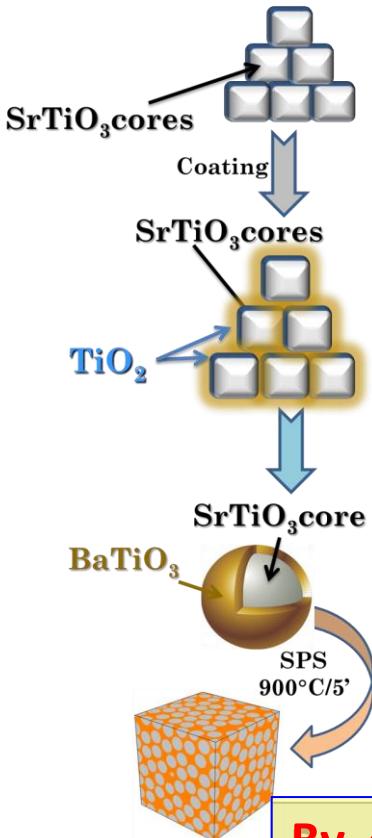
• C.E. Ciomaga, et al, Using multi-walled carbon nanotubes in spark plasma sintered $\text{Pb}(\text{Zr}_{0.47}\text{Ti}_{0.53})\text{O}_3$ ceramics for tailoring dielectric and tunability properties, Journal of Applied Physics, 116 (16), 164110, (2014).

II. MAIN RESULTS



➤ Ferroelectric – based composites

- Dielectric and non-linear properties of $\text{SrTiO}_3@\text{BaTiO}_3$ core-shell ceramic



By comparison with the parent phases the $\text{SrTiO}_3@\text{BaTiO}_3$ core-shell ceramic have reduce zero field permittivity and increase the tunability.

- Airimioaei, M; Buscaglia, MT; Tredici, I; Anselmi-Tamburini, U; Ciomaga, CE et al., SrTiO_3 - BaTiO_3 nanocomposites with temperature independent permittivity and linear tunability fabricated using field-assisted sintering from chemically synthesized powders, J. Mat Chem C 5, 9028 (2017)



II. MAIN RESULTS

➤ Ferroelectric - magnetic composites

- **NiFe₂O₄/CoFe₂O₄/MnFe₂O₄ with pure and Nb doped Pb(Zr,Ti)O₃ ceramic composites**



- C. Ciomaga et al., J. Alloys & Comp. 485 (1-2), (2009) 372-378
- Iordan, AR; Airimioaei, M; Palamaru, MN; Galassi, C; Sandu, AV; Ciomaga, CE; et al, J. Eur. Ceram. Soc. 29 (13), (2009) 2807
- Ciomaga CE, Scripta Materialia, 62 (8) (2010), 610-612.
- C.E. Ciomaga, et al.J. Appl. Phys. 113, 7, 074103 (2013)
- C.E. Ciomaga et al. J. Eur. Ceram. Soc. 32, 3325–3337, (2012)
- C.E. Ciomaga et al. J. Appl. Phys. 111, 124114 1-6, (2012)
- C. E. Ciomaga, et al. J. Appl. Phys. 112, 094103 1-7 (2012)
- Patent OSIM Nr. A/00314 2017, RO-BOPI 11/2018
- Patent OSIM Nr. A/00422 2017, RO-BOPI 12/2018

- Grant PN-II-RU-TE 187** *Investigation of the volum, interface and percolation effects in multifunctional composite materials and metamaterials with controlled geometry (IMECOMP) (2010-2013)*
- PostDoctoral grant POSDRU/89/1.5/S/63663** *Studiul ceramicelor nanocompozite cu proprietati electromagnetice emergente - metamateriale. Cercetare si comunicare stiintifica. Popularizarea stiintifica: indicele de refractie negativ si invizibilitate electromagnetică (Proiectarea pelerinei magice a lui Harry Potter?) (2010-2013)*

- **BaTiO₃-CoFe₂O₄/Co_{0.8}Zn_{0.2}Fe₂O₄ ceramic composites with different connectivity (0-3, 2-2) by SPS**

- A. Guzu, C. E. Ciomaga et al, J. Alloy.&Compound 796 (2019) 55-64
- C.E. Ciomaga et al., Ceramics International 45 (2019) 24168–24175
- C.E. Ciomaga et al., Journal of Alloys and Compounds 775 (2019) 90-99

- Grant PN-II-PT-PCCA-2013-4-1119** - *Magnetoelectric composites with emergent properties for wireless and sensing applications (2014-2016)*

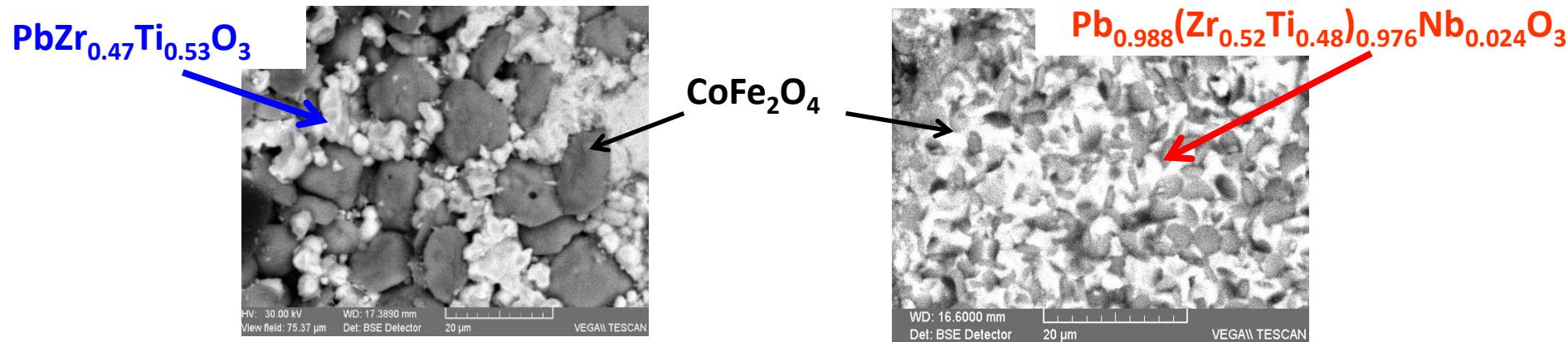


II. MAIN RESULTS

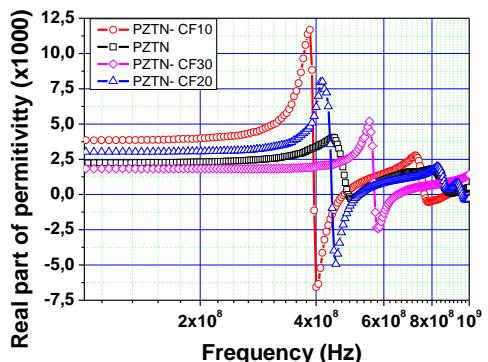
➤ Ferroelectric - magnetic composites

- Double-resonant permittivity and permeability in GHz range: A route towards isotropic metamaterials

$x\text{CF}-(1-x)\text{PZT}/\text{PZTNb}$ ceramic composites



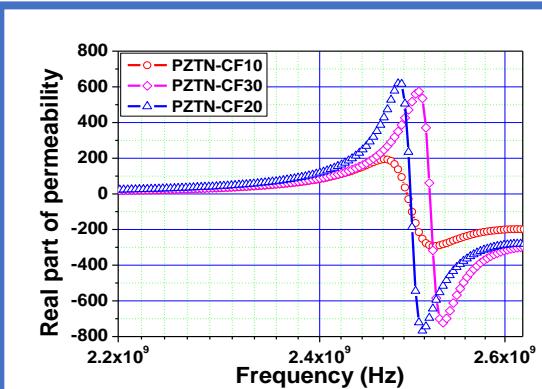
$\varepsilon_r(f) < 0$ and/or $\varepsilon_r(f) < 0$ in the range $4 \times 10^8 - 2.6 \times 10^9$ Hz



$$\varepsilon_r = \mu_r$$

for $f=280$ MHz

- Ciomaga CE, Scripta Materilia, 62 (8): 610-612 (2010).



II. MAIN RESULTS

Project PN-II-RU-TE-2010-0187

Investigation of the volum, interface and percolation effects in multifunctional composite materials and metamaterials with controlled geometry (IMECOMP) (2010-2013)

AIM

Fundamental physics & chemical phenomena related to the volume/interface effects, interconnectivity and percolation degree in ceramic composites and metamaterials with quasi-periodical structure, with dielectric, ferroelectric and magnetoelectric properties.

✓ Producing di-phase ME composites

✓ Investigation of functional (electric, magnetic and magnetoelectric) properties in relation with microstructures

✓ Implementation of effective fields theories for describing dielectric prop. for different types of microstructures

Reported results:

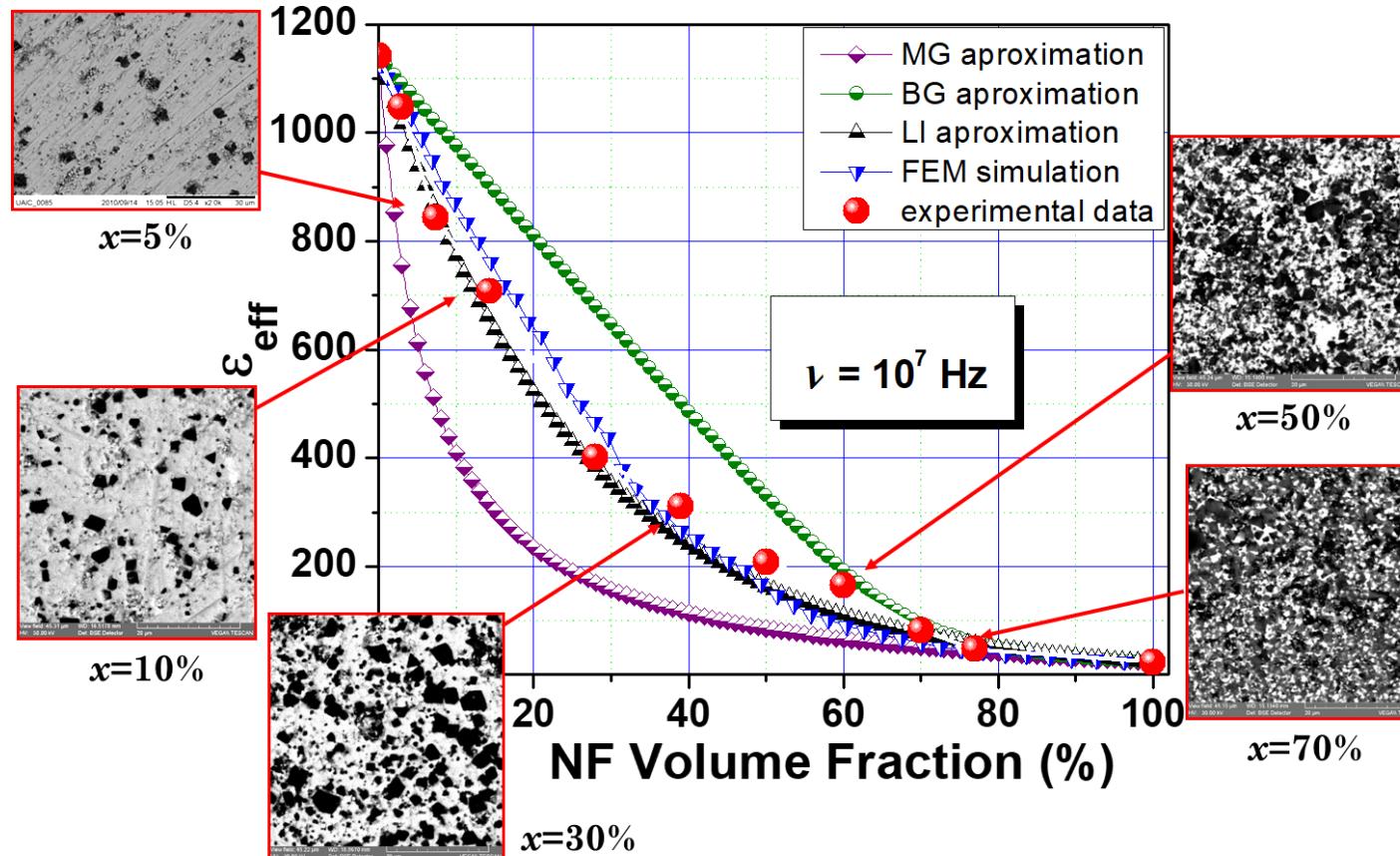
- 8 ISI papers
- 68 scientific presentations to national/international conferences

II. MAIN RESULTS

➤ Ferroelectric - magnetic composites

- Experimental and analytical modeling in microwave range

x NF-(1- x)PZTNb ceramic composites



• Ciomaga C.E. et al, *Preparation and magnetoelectric properties of NiFe₂O₄-PZT composites obtained in-situ by gel-combustion method*, J. Eur. Ceram. Soc. 32, 3325–3337 (2012)

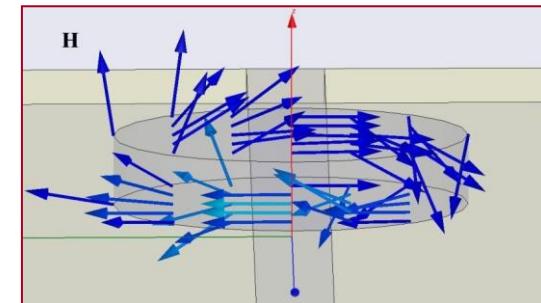
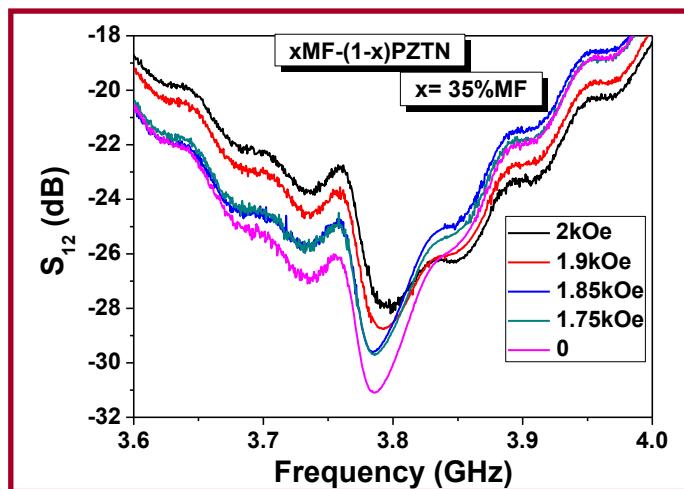
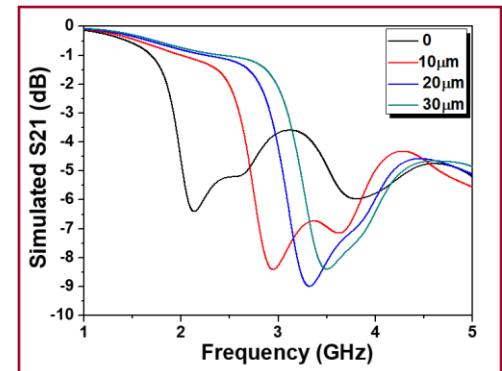
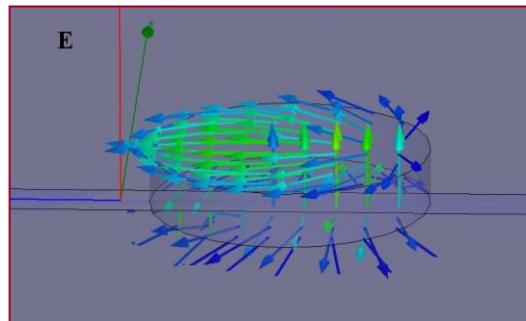
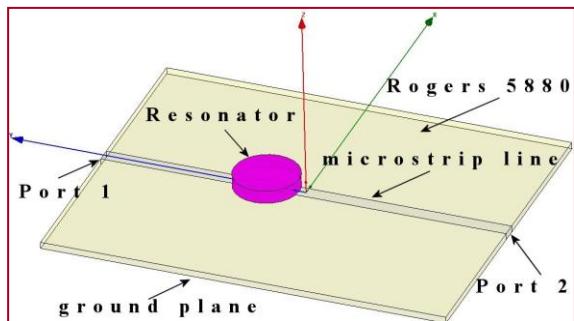
• C.E. Ciomaga, C.S. Olariu, L. Padurariu, A.V. Sandu, C. Galassi and L. Mitoseriu, *Low field permittivity of ferroelectric-ferrite ceramic composites. Experiment and modeling*, J. Appl. Phys. 112, 094103 1-7 (2012).

II. MAIN RESULTS



➤ Ferroelectric - magnetic composites

- Engineering magnetoelectric composites towards application as tunable microwave filter
 - $x\text{MF} + (1-x)\text{PZTNb}$ ceramic composites



HEMme_{11δ} mode field configuration

▪ Ciomaga, C.E. et al., J.Phys.D: Appl Phys 49 (2016)

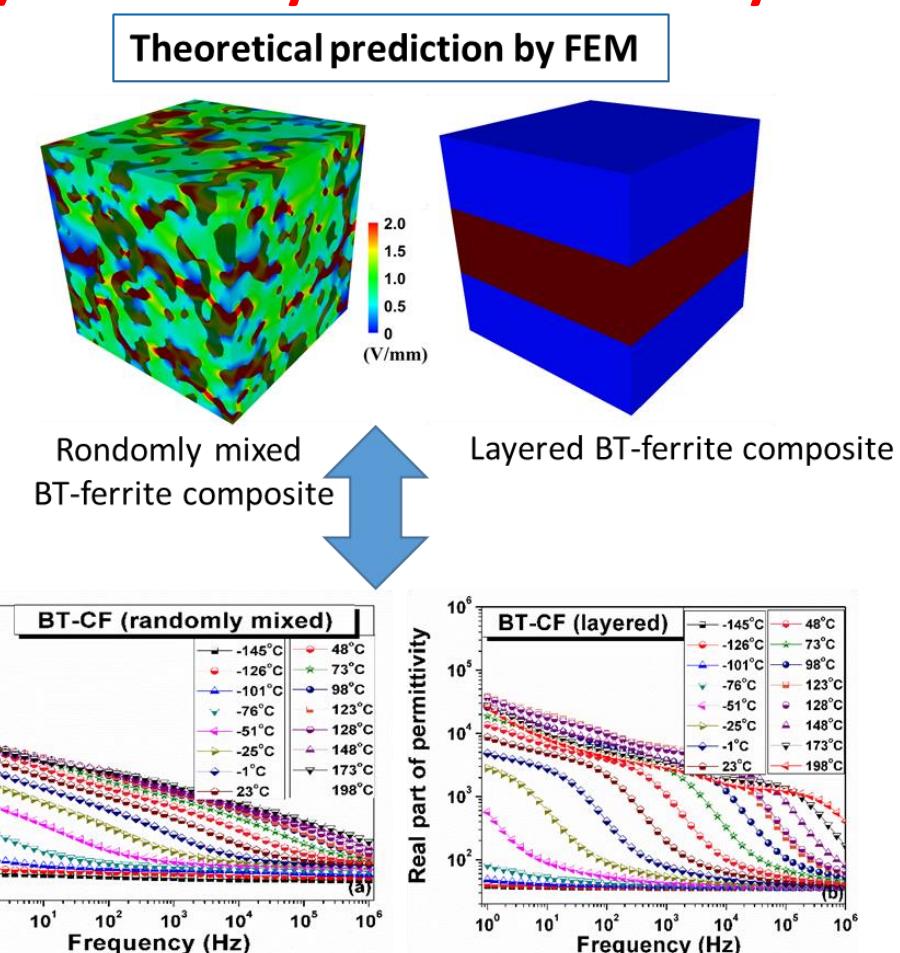
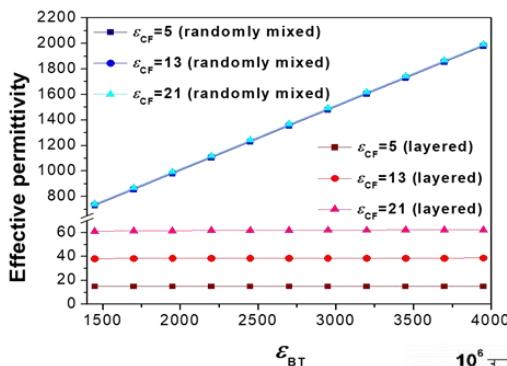
II. MAIN RESULTS

- collaboration with Lect dr. L. Padurariu, DFM group,
Faculty of Physics, UAIC



➤ Ferroelectric - magnetic composites

- $0.66\text{BaTiO}_3\text{-}0.33\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4$ (BT-CF) randomly mixed and layered composites



Experimental results

- A. Guzu, C. E. Ciomaga, et.al, *Functional properties of randomly mixed and layered $\text{BaTiO}_3\text{-}\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4$ ceramic composites close to the percolation limit*, J. Alloy.&Compound 796 (2019) 55-64

III. Conclusions

- Contribution to understanding the **effect of compositions, grain size and boundary – dependent phenomena on dielectric properties**; structural phase transitions as well as ferroelectric – relaxor crossover using Landau theory and FORC method
- Oxygen vacancy play an important role on dielectric response in ferroelectric ceramics.
- FEM demonstrated the concept of **engineered local fields in porous microstructures** for tailoring the permittivity and tunability values and the possibility to increase tunability with reducing permittivity for small porosity levels.
- Understanding of the **functional (dielectric, ferroelectric, magnetic and magnetoelectric) related to the structural, microstructural characteristics** in multiferroic composite systems formed by ferroelectric oxide and a spinel ferrite.
- The results obtain by 3D FEM have revealed that there are major differences in the electric field configurations in the randomly mixed and layer microstructure composite, and this demonstrates that **the microstructure and phase connectivity play a major role on the effective dielectric response**.

Perspectives



New
porous

Engineering Pb-free porous piezoelectric materials with particular microstructure with enhanced Figure of Merits(FOMs) for energy harvesting applications

- Grant PN-III-P4-ID-PCE-2020-1988, title *Engineering of lead-free porous ceramic materials for piezo-, pyroelectric sensors with energy harvesting applications (2021-2023)*
- *to design by modelling tools various types of porous ceramic microstructures with enhanced piezoelectric and pyroelectric properties and reduced permittivity with respect to the dense structures*
- *to produce optimised Pb-free porous ceramics with peculiar microstructures*
- *to develop and test piezoelectric and pyroelectric sensors for thermal and mechanical energy detection and conversion in order to be employed in energy harvester devices.*

Perspectives

MPB

Exploring the morphotropic phase boundary (MPB) in ferroelectric systems in order to find high-performance materials with excellent dielectric properties for energy storage applications.

- Using of innovative synthesis technique for obtaining optimum structures with enhanced properties as: high permittivity, tunability, energy storage/conversion/harvesting capacity for advanced applications.

New
ferroel

Exploring electrica properties in new classes of ferroelectrics (A_2WO_6 A=Ln³⁺, Bi³⁺)

PN-III-P3-3.1-PM-RO-FR-2019-0069, "Multiscale investigations and modeling of novel ferroelectric oxides NOVOXFER" (dir. L. Mitoseriu) (2019-2021)

Flexible
material

Polimer (PVDF, biopolymer) - based composites (BaTiO₃, Ferrite, CNT, metallic nanoparticles)

Collaborations: What can I do

□ Synthesis of nanoparticles, ceramics and polymer films by s.s. reactions.



- Chemical niche
- Analytical balance Ohaus (DV215CDV)

- Calcination furnace 1300°C (Nabertherm L5/13/P330) si 1600°C (Nabertherm LHT04/16/P310),

- Isostatic press



□ Broadband impedance spectroscopy (10µHz-3GHz), dielectric measurements and interpretation.

Solartron 1260A Impedance/Gain-Phase Analyzer
Frequency range 10µHz - 32MHz



E4991A RF Impedance/Material Analyzer
Frequency range: 1 MHz to 3 GHz



Bridge GWT (20 Hz-10 MHz)



Directional antenna up to 6GHz

Collaborations: What can I do

☐ Piezoelectric measurements

Piezoelectric Tests d33



☐ Ferroelectric measurements: P(E), S(E), FORC, Rayleigh analysis and calculations

Precision Multiferroic II 500V Ferroelectric Test System



☐ Magnetoelectric measurements

- Polarization Measurement under AC & DC Magnetic Fields

- High Voltage Interface
- Bulk Ceramic Heated Piezo/Pyro Test Fixture to 230C
- High Voltage Amplifier 10kV
- Magnetoelectric Test Bundle for Bulk Ceramics
- Thin Film Piezoelectric Test Bundle (TF-PTB)

☐ Non-linear dielectric properties: tunability $\epsilon(E)$

and (in collab with Lect. Dr. L. Curecheriu);



Trek amplifier Model 30/20A-H-CE
maximum voltage DC $\pm 30\text{kV}$ @ $\pm 20\text{mA}$

❖ Access structural analysis (XRD)

http://stoner.phys.uaic.ro/major_facilities.html

❑ Expertise on structural analysis by XRD (Shimadzu Lab 6000);

- Powder and bulk samples measurements
- Thin films samples measurements by grazing incidence method



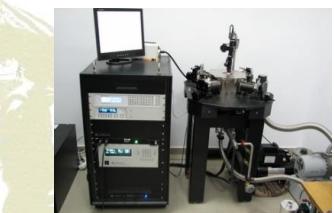
❖ Collaborations on magnetic analysis

❑ Magnetic characterization ($M(H)$, $M(T)$, FORC analysis by SQUID and AGM);

[Dual AGM / VSM Magnetometer](#)



[SQUID Magnetometer MPMS - XL - 7AC](#)
Maximum field: 7T with integrated AC-coil
Temperature range: 1.9K to 400K
7 Tesla AC Measurements



[LakeShore Probe Station with vertical magnetic field](#)

❖ Collaboration in design and predicted of functional properties in various types microstructures by modelling tools

❑ Modeling of the functional properties of composites by *Effective Field Models* and *Finite Element Method* (collab. with Lect. dr. L. Padurariu)

- ❑ Data interpretation by a complete preparation-micro/nanostructural -functional properties – modeling approach;

Collaborations: I look to share

- ❖ domain structure analysis (AFM, SEM/EBSD) and ferroelectric local switching experiments (PFM)
- ❖ TEM-SAED and HRTEM analysis
- ❖ XPS analysis for investigate the reduction of V_O and analyse the change of the content of V_O in BaTiO₃-solid solutions (e.g. (Ba_{1-x}Ca_x)(Ti_{1-y}Zr_y)O₃ etc)
- ❖ Exchange of knowledge concerning structural analysis (*Rietveld refinement*)
- ❖ Ferroelectric oxide materials with dielectric/ferroelectric properties

Acknowledgements:



Prof. Dr. Liliana Mitoseriu
Coord. DFM group



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- National UEFISCDI grants and COST (525, MP0509, IC1208) actions

Thank you for your attention!

